Mendel University in Brno

Faculty of Forestry and Wood Technology
Department of Landscape Formation
and Protection

Public Recreation and Landscape Protection - hand in hand?

May 4. – 6. 2011 Brno

Skiing and Its Influence on Specific Environment Components on The Ski Centre Chopok-South Example (NP Low Tatra)

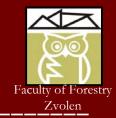


Technical University in Zvolen

Faculty of Forestry
Department of Forest Protection
and Game Management

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Introduction



- alpine areas land use for recreation
- recreational potential of alpine areas
- recreation in forest
- economic positive ecologic negative effect
- direct and undirect action of recreation activities on ecosystem
- (resorts building, tourism trampling down the vegetation, skiing ski pistes preparation, abrading by ski edges, etc.)











Analysis of The Problems, Terminology

- Forest and its function for recreation
- By low no. 326/2005 forest is an ecosystem composed of forest land with forest growth and factors of its air environment, plant species, animal species and soil with its hydrological and air mode.
- Ski piste preparation
- Soil erosion Protection against
- Changes of plant species composition
- Habitats fragmentation

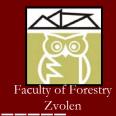












Research is focused on determination of recreation impact (focusing on skiing) on specific environment components on Chopok-South area

- To find out phytocoenosis composition on selected ski pistes and species diversity
- To measure and quantify amount of transported soil on surveyed plots
- Determine through the PCA analysis dependence between species composition, abundance and soil transport.
- To analyse influence of ski pistes existence on ecological stability of adjanced forest
- Comprehensively assess influence on soil, vegetation and forest











Characteristics of The Investigated Territory

Low Tatras National Park



BR Východné Karpaty

BR Slovensky kras

- established in 1978
- extent 81 095 ha
- dynamics of the Relief: 360 2043 m a.s.l.
- habitats of european importance:
- Spruce forests (SKUEV0302)
- Protected bird area Low Tatras

Geomorfologické začlenenie územia:

Sústava: Alpsko – Himalájska

Podsústva: Karpaty

Provincia: Západné Karpaty

Subprovincia: Vnútorné Západné Karpaty

Oblasť: Fatransko – tatranská

Celok: Nízke Tatry Podcelok: Ďumbier

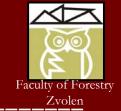
Methodology



Positioning of Phytocoenosis Research Plots

- spatial distribution of vegetation, which abundance is influenced by soil cover destructive impact
- age of ski pistes (diferent originality degree of phytocoenosis)
- principles: a) distance between plot and forest stand edge
 - b) diferent age of phytocoenosis
 - c) presence of nearby tourist paths

Phytososiological registration as well as soil transport measurement on established 2x2 m/4x4 m plots was made.



Methodology – phytosociological registration

- Zurich-Montpellier school approach (according to Brun-Blanquet scale of abundance and dominance)
- Calculation of species diversity (Hill's index of diversity)

$$N_2 = \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n Kvi\right)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n Kvi}$$

 N_2 - Hill's index of diversitz

Kvi - coefficient of species significance











Methodology - phytosociological registration





Methodology – phytosociological registration





Methodology – approach to soil transport quntification

- On plots of phytosociological registration
- To figure out the volume of (erosion) furrows according to scheme:

$$S = \frac{a.v_a}{2} \cdot p$$

a – length of the furrow side

 v_a – depth of the furrow

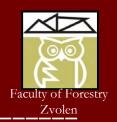
p – length of the furrow







Methodology – determination of ecological stability of adjacent forest



■ Proceed under mothodology of Vološčuk (2000)

"Determination of forest ecosystem stability"

$$ES = 5a + 3skv + ko + šk + kv$$

ko – korunovosť

šk - štíhlostný koeficient

skv - sanitárny kvocient

kv - koeficient vrstevnatosti

a - aproximácia

According to adapted methodology of Danko, Garaj (1983)

"Determination of visitors negative impact on forest ecosystem"

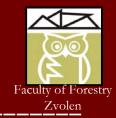
- evaluation of dendrit cover damage: state of the tree – damaged/un...

No. of wounds – acc. to extent

localization of wounds

degree of damage – wood, bark

Conclusion



- Changes in species composition of phytocoenosis
- Quantification of transported soil support tool for modeling in GIS as well as for melioration measures action planning
- Definition of ecological limits in connection with recreational land use
- Environmental impact assessment (By low No. 26/2004)











Thank you for your attention

Questions?...